

Nottingham City Health and Wellbeing Board – 25th June 2014

Director of Public Health Report

1. Public Health Outcomes Framework, quarterly update

The Public Health Outcomes Framework was refreshed in May 2014 and now includes 119 indicators populated with at least one year's data. There are 10 new indicators and a new group of 12 Inequalities reports which look at a number of indicators broken down by deprivation decile (for England). Trend data have been added for 7 indicators and 22 indicators have been updated with new data.

Comprehensive local profiles for each local authority are available here:-

<http://www.phoutcomes.info/public-health-outcomes-framework#gid/1000041/pat/6/ati/102/page/9/par/E12000004/are/E06000018>

Key points for Nottingham City:

- Although life expectancy for Nottingham City is significantly lower than England, the gap between the City and England appears to be closing. Ten years ago, the gap between Nottingham and England was 2.6 years for men and 2.2 years for women. It is now 2.3 years for men and 1.5 years for women
- Detection rates for Chlamydia are significantly higher than the England average
- Uptake of the HPV vaccine (prevention of cervical cancer) is high
- Treatment completion for Tuberculosis is good
- Mortality rates showing some improvement

Areas highlighted for improvement:

- Breastfeeding
- Smoking (including smoking in pregnancy)
- Teenage conceptions
- Falls in older people
- Late presentation of HIV
- Alcohol admissions
- Obesity

2. Earlier diagnosis of kidney and bladder cancer – 'Blood in pee' campaign

NHS England, in partnership with Public Health England and DH has announced it will re-run the 'Blood in Pee' campaign designed to promote earlier diagnosis of kidney and bladder cancer. This national campaign will re-launch in autumn and is part of the Be Clear on Cancer programme. It highlights the symptom of blood in urine to help improve early diagnosis of cancer by raising awareness and encouraging people to see their GP earlier.

Nottingham City was one of two earlier DH pilot schemes to raise awareness of the symptoms of these cancers. Results demonstrated a clear increase in the number of people visiting their GP with symptoms including referrals to hospital specialists.

3. Health Checks

Nottingham City pharmacies delivered NHS Health Checks to Nottingham City Council employees, including community protection officers and Nottingham City Homes staff, across a range of venues. The aim of these sessions is to offer a NHS Health Check to people that may be at increased risk of cardiovascular disease but may not access this through the core offer from their GP. They are then supported to take action to reduce their risk if appropriate. Further targeted sessions are being planned.

4. Falls and bone health

A stakeholder event on falls and bone health was held on 15th May; the outputs from this will help update the local falls and bone health strategy

5. Public Health Stakeholder Group

A stakeholder group has been set up to consider the appropriate use of the public health grant against the needs and priorities of Nottingham to inform and advise local decision making on public health outcomes and commissioning decisions.